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PRESENT SIMPLE









Choose the correct option:

1. I **play / plays** football every Saturday.
2. He **play / plays** football on Sundays.
3. We **don't / doesn't like / likes** milk.
4. **Do / Does** you **like / likes** riding a bike?
5. She **don't / doesn't live / lives** in Poland.
6. Kate and I **tidy / tidies** our rooms everyday.
7. Mark **don't / doesn't set / sets** the table.
8. **Do / Does** your friend **go / goes** to school by bike?
9. I often **help / helps** my mum.
10. My dad never **do / does** the shopping.
11. Where **do / does** you **spend / spends** your holidays?
12. Helen **vacuum / vacuums** the carpet once a week.
13. **Do / Does** Jim **walk / walks** his dog in the evening?
14. Tim and Paul **do / don't play / plays** the guitar.
15. **Do / Does** they **listen / listens** to rap music?

Present Perfect Review Cranium

***Review Present Perfect & Past Simple Forms, Results, Time Tags

Questions	What have you done?	Ever	Creative Cat	Results	Have you or did you?
What is the best book you have ever read? ALL PLAY	Star Cards	Cards	Cards	ALL PLAY	Cards
What did you do last Christmas?		ALL PLAY			
What are 2 things you have done in school this week?			ALL PLAY		
What are 3 things you did yesterday?					ALL PLAY
What are 3 things you have done recently?	ALL PLAY				

<p>All Play</p> <p>Ever </p>	<p>All Play</p> <p>Yet </p>
<p>All Play</p> <p>Yesterday </p>	<p>All Play</p> <p>Last Year </p>
<p>All Play</p> <p>In my life </p>	<p>All Play</p> <p>A second ago </p>
<p>Results </p> <p>Benjamin has cleaned his room. True or False</p> <p>a. His room is clean now. b. He is cleaning his room now.</p>	<p>Results </p> <p>Annie drove her car to work. True or False</p> <p>a. Annie drove her car in the past. b. Annie is at work right now.</p>

Saving Lives

My name's Albert and I'm a lifeguard. I've worked here for 4 years and I really love my job. I've saved some lives and that's really rewarding. It's nice to know that my job is important to keep people safe while they're resting and having fun at the beach. I also like to know that my advice is useful to keep people free from being assaulted, injured or even sunburned. I work from Tuesday to Saturday, from 9 to 5 and rest two Sundays a month. Twice a month I work from 9 to noon because while people rest I have to do my job. My friends think I should quit and have the opportunity to rest and go out during the weekend, but I can't imagine doing anything else.



Answer the questions about the text:
What's Albert's job?

Does he like his job? What does he say about it?

How long has he been a lifeguard?

What are his work hours?

Does he work only during the week?

How many Sundays a month does he work?

What are his duties at work?

What do people do while Albert is doing his job? What does that mean?

What do Albert's friends think of his job?

Mark true (T) or false (F) according to the text. You'll have to explain orally when it's false:

- Albert is a swimming instructor. ()
- His job is to keep people safe at the beach. ()
- He likes his job. ()
- He works during the week and the weekend as well. ()
- His friends think he should get another job. ()
- He saves lives and gives advice on how to swim well. ()
- Advising people to use sunscreen and to protect from the sun isn't one of his duties. ()

When Albert says "I've worked here for 4 years" is he referring only to the present or is he referring to the past (4 years ago) and the present (he still works there)?

If he said: "I worked there 4 years ago," would it be a reference to the past or present?

And if he said: "I work here"?

Since he's referring to both past and present, how does he express it?

PRESENT PERFECT - FORM

POSITIVE		NEGATIVE	
I	have seen her.	I	have not seen her.
You	've seen her.	You	haven't seen her.
We		We	
They		They	
He	has seen her.	He	has not seen her.
She	's seen her.	She	hasn't seen her.
It		It	

POSITIVE SENTENCES

- I _____ (study) French.
- She _____ (eat) octopus.
- They _____ (be) to Scotland.
- We _____ (read) that book.
- He _____ (live) here for three years.
- You _____ (know) David for ten years.
- We _____ (be) here for two weeks.
- I _____ (lose) my keys.
- He _____ (drink) too much coffee.
- They _____ (miss) the train.



Story Time

Do you know these popular stories?

- 1) Hansel and Gretel
- 2) Little Red Riding Hood
- 3) Sherlock Holmes
- 4) Beauty and the Beast
- 5) Robin Hood
- 6) The Little Mermaid



Did you read stories when you were young? Which one was your favourite?

Complete the stories with the words in the box:

Sleeping Beauty
lived lived woke slept took was cast
grew came married cut saw

A long time ago there _____ a beautiful princess. She _____ in a very high tower. A wicked fairy _____ a spell and the princess _____ for a hundred years. A big forest _____ around the tower. One day a handsome prince _____ to the tower. He _____ his sword and _____ the trees. He _____ the princess and _____ her with a kiss. The prince _____ the princess and they _____ happily ever after.

The Three Little Pigs
made tried ate built were lived fell blew was used came

Once upon a time there _____ three little pigs. One _____ a house with straw, one _____ a house with wood and the other _____ bricks. One day a big bad wolf _____ and _____ to destroy the houses. He _____ on each house. The houses of straw and wood _____ down and he _____ the pigs. The house of bricks _____ very strong so the final pig _____ a long and happy life.

Now complete the tables with the past simple verbs from the stories:

Present simple	Past simple	Present simple	Past simple
live	_____	be	_____
sleep	_____	eat	_____
grow	_____	make	_____
cut	_____	build	_____
cast	_____	use	_____
marry	_____	blow	_____
be	_____	try	_____
take	_____	fall	_____

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Index of contents Video: present perfect English Level: IntermediateLanguage Focus: A review of the Past Simple, the Present Perfect (Simple), and the Present Perfect Progressive (Continuous)Worksheet Download: present-perfect-past-simple-worksheet.docx (scroll down to study the exercises online)Jump to: Present Simple (below), Present Progressive, ExercisesVerb Tense Review: The Past SimpleWe use the past simple verb tense to talk about events that happened at a specific time in the past. Usually, in these sentences, there is a word like 'yesterday' or 'last year' which shows the action happened at a time in the past that is finished.Past Simple Keywords: yesterday, last week, last month, last year, in 1994I washed my clothes yesterday. (yesterday is finished)I met her in 2009. (2009 is finished)I woke up at 7 a.m. this morning. (this morning is finished)These actions happened in the past, they are finished, and there is no connection with now.Verb Tense Review: The Present PerfectSubject + [Auxiliary verb 'have'] + [Verb in Past Participle] I have met her. She has visited Seoul. John has exercised twice this week.Present Perfect Keywords: today, this week, this month, this year, in my life, recently, lately, since, ever, never, yet, still, so farWith the present perfect, we cannot use a specific time in the past such as 'yesterday' or 'in 2008.' We use the present perfect when we talk about 1) actions that happened at an unspecified time in the past, 2) actions in a period that has not finished yet, and 3) actions that began in the past and continue to the present.Let's review each case.1) Using Present Perfect with an Unspecified Time in the Past - Talking about ExperienceI have seen the movie Titanic. She hasn't met him. These two sentences don't say anything about time. They don't have words like 'yesterday' or 'in 2008'. When we speak like this, we are talking about the experience we have had in life. These sentences are the same as saying: I have seen the movie Titanic in my life. (I have this experience)She hasn't met him in her life. (She doesn't have this experience.)We're talking about your life. Is your life finished? No, you are still alive. Your life is a period that has not finished yet. This is usually how we use the present perfect (see the next case).2) Using Present Perfect with a Period That Has Not Finished YetI have paid my rent this month. (this month = a period that is not finished yet)I have gone to the doctor twice this year. (this year = unfinished)I have been to Japan twice in my life. (your life = unfinished)I have flown in an airplane. **Again, in the last example, we use the present perfect because there is no mention of time. We are talking about our life experience. And because your life is not finished yet, we use the present perfect. We cannot use the present perfect for dead people. For example, 'Michael Jackson has sang in many concerts.' We cannot say 'has sang' because the period in which he sang (his career, his life) is finished. There is no connection with the present, so we use the Past Simple.3) Using Present Perfect Progressive for Actions that Continue from the Past until NowSubject + [Auxiliary verb 'Have'] + [been] + [Verb in -ing form (Present Participle)]This is similar to the rule above. She has been working here since 2010. We have been waiting for 30 minutes. In these examples, it's the action that is unfinished. You began working, or waiting, in the past, and you are still doing it now. There is a clear connection with the present. We want to focus on the fact that the action is still happening (now), we use the progressive tense - in this case, it is the present perfect Progressive. Note: With the verbs live, work, teach, and study, there is no difference in whether you use the present perfect Simple or present perfect Progressive. For example, 'I have lived here for two years.' is the same as 'I have been living here for two years.' There is one more situation in which we often use the present perfect.4) Present Perfect for Actions in the Very Recent PastI've just had breakfast, so I'm not hungry. Jane has lost her job, so she's sad. We could use either the present perfect or the past simple (Jane lost her job) for these sentences. True, both actions have finished, but because they have happened very recently, there is still some connection with the present. Prepositions with the Present Perfect: Since & ForWe use since with the Present Perfect to indicate when an action (that continues to the present) began. I've been studying English since 2004. (I am still studying it)She has been married since she was 20 years old. (She is still married)People have been fighting in wars since the beginning of time. (They are still fighting)Again, these actions continued in the past until now. (Note: We use from for actions that started in the past and have finished, for example: I lived in that house from 2002 to 2004.)We use from to show the amount of time that has passed since an action began. I have been studying English for 12 years. She has been married for 8 years. People have been fighting in wars for thousands of years. Practice: Exercises for Contrasting the Past Simple and Present PerfectRemember to look for the keywords, e.g. yesterday. These will help you decide if there is a connection with the present or not. Exercises for For and Since (and From)Peter lived in Japan ...for/romsince 2001 until 2005. Now, he lives in Chicago. He has been living in Chicago ...for/romsince he left Japan. He works as a chef at a nice French restaurant. He has been working there ...for/romsince almost two years. Laura is an excellent golfer. She has been playing golf ...for/romsince she was 8 years old. Now, she's a professional. She has also been coaching ...for/romsince several years. She started coaching me last year. ...For/romsince then, I have become a much better player. Exercises: Present Perfect Simple or Present Perfect Progressive (Continuous)Hint: Do not use the progressive tenses for state verbs. Insert the Correct Verb: Present Perfect Simple, Present Perfect Progressive, or Past SimpleI hope you've found these practice exercises useful. I could write a lot more about the present perfect, but these are the main ideas. If you have a question, leave a comment below. - Matthew Barton / Creator of EnglishCurrent.com (copyright)Related Lessons: English grammar practice exercise, intermediate level In this exercise you will practise the structure of the present perfect tense. Exercise instructions Use the words in brackets to complete each of the following. All the sentences are in the present perfect simple tense. I / you / we / they have gone. I / you / we / they haven't gone. Have I / you / we / they gone? he / she / it has gone. He / she / it hasn't gone. Has he / she / it gone? English grammar practice exercise, intermediate level This exercise focuses on the difference between the present perfect simple and present perfect continuous. Instructions Complete the sentences below by putting the verb in brackets into the present perfect simple or present perfect continuous. I / you / we / they haven't gone. Have I / you / we / they gone? he / she / it has gone. He / she / it hasn't gone. Has he / she / it gone? I / you / we / they have been working I / you / we / they haven't been working I / you / we / they have been working? he / she / it has been working? he / she / it hasn't been working? I worked every day this week. I have worked every day this week. We use the present perfect (have worked) when we speak about an unfinished time period (this week, this year, etc). Steven has written a new book. Steven has written a new book. We use the past participle of the verb - written is the past participle, wrote is the past simple. Did you have seen him before? Have you seen him before? The helping verb have is used in the present perfect and it is inverted with the person (you have becomes have you). I didn't have seen him before. I haven't seen him before. The helping verb have is used in the present perfect - to make it negative we simply add not (n't). I am here since last week. I have been here since last week. The present perfect is used to show an action which continues to the present (an unfinished action). I've been knowing him for 5 years. I've known him for 5 years. Verbs such as know, want, like, etc. (called stative verbs) suggest permanent states, not actions, so are used in the simple form, NOT the -ing form. It has been raining heavily all day. It has been raining heavily for five years. When BOTH the simple and continuous forms are possible, native speakers prefer to use the continuous. Here's a list of all the present perfect simple exercises and present perfect continuous exercises on my website. report this ad (if you need to review how to make the present perfect, click here) (if you need to review how to use the present perfect, click here) Practice exercises about how to make the present perfect: Practice exercises about how to make the present perfect continuous: Practice exercises about how to use the present perfect and the present perfect continuous: Need more practice? Get more Perfect English Grammar with our courses. Complete the sentences. Use the present perfect form of the verbs in brackets. of the verbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. English Exercises > exercises

Online exercises for beginners and intermediate level learners will help you learn the difference between two very common English verb tenses: the present simple and the present continuous. If you are not sure what present simple and continuous means, ... Exercises. Type in the verbs in the correct Simple Present form.. Anne (work) in a language school. 3rd person singular - add s; She (be) a teacher. he is an irregular verb]3rd person singular - is; She (teach) English. 3rd person singular, verb ends with ch - add es; Her students (come) from all over the world. 3rd person plural - the verb remains in the basic form Present Simple, Present Continuous, Present Perfect Simple, Present Perfect Continuous, Past Simple, Past Continuous, Past Perfect, Past... 45,775 Downloads . TIME RELATED VERB CONSTRUCTIONS. ... 4 exercises to revise the structures and uses of the past simple & the present perfect. Hope it's useful. have a nice day! Gloria 17,824 Downloads . Students > Solutions > Pre-Intermediate > Grammar > Unit 1 - Exercise 1

- Present simple and continuous. Everyday English; ... Unit 1 - Exercise 1 - Present simple and continuous. Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. But note that other signal words can be used with many tenses. For example, although we learn the prepositions of time for and since with the Present Perfect Tense, for can also be used with the Past Simple, Present Continuous, Present Simple and many other tenses. Examples: I've lived in Mexico for 3 years. (I'm still in Mexico). Level: intermediate. Present simple and future time. ... We use the present perfect simple to talk about a finished event that has some connection to the present. ... Dear LearnEnglish Team. I did the exercises about "Simple present" and I have doubt in the exercise: * ... Simple Present (I go) and Present Continuous / Progressive (I am going) (intermediate) exercise 1: fill in the correct verb form of the simple present or the present continuous; exercise 2: fill in the correct verb form of the simple present or the present continuous; exercise 3: fill in the correct verb form of the simple present or the ... 'Past Simple & Present Perfect' Quiz. This is a intermediate-level quiz containing 52 mulchoice questions from our 'past simple' quiz category. Simply answer all questions and press the 'Grade Me' button to see your score. This exercise is also available as a printable worksheet. Present Simple: Present Continuous: Things which are always true: Water boils at 100 degrees.; Things which are happening at the moment of speaking: The water is boiling now, so you can put in the pasta.; Permanent situations (or nearly permanent; true for a few years at least): Present perfect simple - use . Summary chart . Download full-size image from Pinterest We use the present perfect simple with past finished actions or experiences when we don't mention or we don't know when they happened. And we also use the present perfect simple to ask or talk about situations that started in the past and have not finished. ...

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